

Electronically delivered December 9, 2020

Administrator Franklin Restorative Care Center 900 3rd Street South Franklin, MN 55333

RE: CCN: 245273 Cycle Start Date: November 19, 2020

Dear Administrator:

On November 19, 2020, a survey was completed at your facility by the Minnesota Department of Health to determine if your facility was in compliance with Federal participation requirements for skilled nursing facilities and/or nursing facilities participating in the Medicare and/or Medicaid programs.

This survey found the most serious deficiencies in your facility to be widespread deficiencies that constitute no actual harm with potential for more than minimal harm that is not immediate jeopardy (Level F) as evidenced by the electronically delivered CMS-2567, whereby significant corrections are required.

REMEDIES

As a result of the survey findings and in accordance with survey and certification memo 16-31-NH, this Department recommended the enforcement remedy(ies) listed below to the CMS Region V Office for imposition. The CMS Region V Office concurs and is imposing the following remedy and has authorized this Department to notify you of the imposition:

- Discretionary Denial of Payment for new Medicare and/or Medicaid Admissions, Federal regulations at 42 CFR § 488.417(a), effective January 23, 2021.
- Directed plan of correction (DPOC), Federal regulations at 42 CFR § 488.424. Please see electronically attached documents for the DPOC.

The CMS Region V Office will notify your Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC) that the denial of payment for new admissions is effective January 23, 2021. They will also notify the State Medicaid Agency that they must also deny payment for new Medicaid admissions effective January 23, 2021.

You should notify all Medicare/Medicaid residents admitted on, or after, this date of the restriction. The remedy must remain in effect until your facility has been determined to be in substantial compliance or your provider agreement is terminated. Please note that the denial of payment for Franklin Restorative Care Center December 9, 2020 Page 2

new admissions includes Medicare/Medicaid beneficiaries enrolled in managed care plans. It is your obligation to inform managed care plans contracting with your facility of this denial of payment for new admissions.

This Department is also recommending that CMS impose:

• Civil money penalty (42 CFR 488.430 through 488.444). You will receive a formal notice from the CMS RO only if CMS agrees with our recommendation.

NURSE AIDE TRAINING PROHIBITION

Please note that Federal law, as specified in the Act at §§ 1819(f)(2)(B) and 1919(f)(2)(B), prohibits approval of nurse aide training and competency evaluation programs and nurse aide competency evaluation programs offered by, or in, a facility which, within the previous two years, has operated under a § 1819(b)(4)(C)(ii)(II) or § 1919(b)(4)(C)(ii) waiver (i.e., waiver of full-time registered professional nurse); has been subject to an extended or partial extended survey as a result of a finding of substandard quality of care; has been assessed a total civil money penalty of not less than \$11,160; has been subject to a denial of payment, the appointment of a temporary manager or termination; or, in the case of an emergency, has been closed and/or had its residents transferred to other facilities.

If you have not achieved substantial compliance by January 23, 2021, the remedy of denial of payment for new admissions will go into effect and this provision will apply to your facility. Therefore, Franklin Restorative Care Center will be prohibited from offering or conducting a Nurse Aide Training and/or Competency Evaluation Program (NATCEP) for two years from January 23, 2021. You will receive further information regarding this from the State agency. This prohibition is not subject to appeal. Further, this prohibition may be rescinded at a later date if your facility achieves substantial compliance prior to the effective date of denial of payment for new admissions.

However, under Public Law 105-15, you may contact the State agency and request a waiver of this prohibition if certain criteria are met.

ELECTRONIC PLAN OF CORRECTION (ePOC)

Within ten (10) calendar days after your receipt of this notice, you must submit an acceptable ePOC for the deficiencies cited. An acceptable ePOC will serve as your allegation of compliance. Upon receipt of an acceptable ePOC, we will authorize a revisit to your facility to determine if substantial compliance has been achieved. The failure to submit an acceptable ePOC can lead to termination of your Medicare and Medicaid participation (42 CFR 488.456(b)).

To be acceptable, a provider's ePOC must include the following:

- How corrective action will be accomplished for those residents found to have been affected by the deficient practice.
- How the facility will identify other residents having the potential to be affected by the same deficient practice.

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- What measures will be put into place, or systemic changes made, to ensure that the deficient practice will not recur.
- How the facility will monitor its corrective actions to ensure that the deficient practice is being corrected and will not recur.
- The date that each deficiency will be corrected.
- An electronic acknowledgement signature and date by an official facility representative.

DEPARTMENT CONTACT

Questions regarding this letter and all documents submitted as a response to the resident care deficiencies (those preceded by a "F" tag), and emergency preparedness deficiencies (those preceded by an "E" tag), i.e., the plan of correction should be directed to:

Nicole Osterloh, RN, Unit Supervisor Marshall District Office Licensing and Certification Program Health Regulation Division Minnesota Department of Health 1400 East Lyon Street, Suite 102 Marshall, MN 56258-2504 Email: nicole.osterloh@state.mn.us Office: 507-476-4230 Mobile: (507) 251-6264 Mobile: (605) 881-6192

PRESUMPTION OF COMPLIANCE - CREDIBLE ALLEGATION OF COMPLIANCE

The facility's ePoC will serve as your allegation of compliance upon the Department's acceptance. In order for your allegation of compliance to be acceptable to the Department, the ePoC must meet the criteria listed in the plan of correction section above. You will be notified by the Minnesota Department of Health - Health Regulation Division staff and/or the Department of Public Safety, State Fire Marshal Division staff, if your ePoC for their respective deficiencies (if any) is acceptable.

VERIFICATION OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE

Upon receipt of an acceptable ePoC, a Post Certification Revisit (PCR), of your facility will be conducted to validate that substantial compliance with the regulations has been attained in accordance with your verification.

If substantial compliance has been achieved, certification of your facility in the Medicare and/or Medicaid program(s) will be continued and remedies will not be imposed. Compliance is certified as of the latest correction date on the approved ePoC, unless it is determined that either correction actually occurred between the latest correction date on the ePoC and the date of the first revisit, or correction occurred sooner than the latest correction date on the ePoC.

FAILURE TO ACHIEVE SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE BY THE SIXTH MONTH AFTER THE LAST DAY OF THE

Franklin Restorative Care Center December 9, 2020 Page 4 SURVEY

We will also recommend to the CMS Region V Office and/or the Minnesota Department of Human Services that your provider agreement be terminated by May 19, 2021 if your facility does not achieve substantial compliance. This action is mandated by the Social Security Act at § 1819(h)(2)(C) and 1919(h)(3)(D) and Federal regulations at 42 CFR § 488.412 and § 488.456.

Please note that this notice does not constitute formal notice of imposition of alternative remedies or termination of your provider agreement. Should the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services determine that termination or any other remedy is warranted, it will provide you with a separate formal notification of that determination.

APPEAL RIGHTS

If you disagree with this action imposed on your facility, you or your legal representative may request a hearing before an administrative law judge of the Department of Health and Human Services, Departmental Appeals Board (DAB). Procedures governing this process are set out in 42 C.F.R. 498.40, et seq. You must file your hearing request electronically by using the Departmental Appeals Board's Electronic Filing System (DAB E-File) at https://dab.efile.hhs.gov no later than sixty (60) days after receiving this letter. Specific instructions on how to file electronically are attached to this notice. A copy of the hearing request shall be submitted electronically to:

Tamika.Brown@cms.hhs.gov

Requests for a hearing submitted by U.S. mail or commercial carrier are no longer accepted as of October 1, 2014, unless you do not have access to a computer or internet service. In those circumstances you may call the Civil Remedies Division to request a waiver from e-filing and provide an explanation as to why you cannot file electronically or you may mail a written request for a waiver along with your written request for a hearing. A written request for a hearing must be filed no later than sixty (60) days after receiving this letter, by mailing to the following address:

Department of Health & Human Services Departmental Appeals Board, MS 6132 Director, Civil Remedies Division 330 Independence Avenue, S.W. Cohen Building – Room G-644 Washington, D.C. 20201 (202) 565-9462

A request for a hearing should identify the specific issues, findings of fact and conclusions of law with which you disagree. It should also specify the basis for contending that the findings and conclusions are incorrect. At an appeal hearing, you may be represented by counsel at your own expense. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Tamika Brown, Principal Program Representative by phone at (312) 353-1502 or by e-mail at Tamika.Brown@cms.hhs.gov.

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INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION (IDR) / INDEPENDENT INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION (IIDR)

In accordance with 42 CFR 488.331, you have one opportunity to question cited deficiencies through an informal dispute resolution process. You are required to send your written request, along with the specific deficiencies being disputed, and an explanation of why you are disputing those deficiencies, to:

> Nursing Home Informal Dispute Process Minnesota Department of Health Health Regulation Division P.O. Box 64900 St. Paul, Minnesota 55164-0900

This request must be sent within the same ten days you have for submitting an ePoC for the cited deficiencies. All requests for an IDR or IIDR of federal deficiencies must be submitted via the web at: https://mdhprovidercontent.web.health.state.mn.us/ltc idr.cfm

You must notify MDH at this website of your request for an IDR or IIDR within the 10 calendar day period allotted for submitting an acceptable electronic plan of correction. A copy of the Department's informal dispute resolution policies are posted on the MDH Information Bulletin website at: <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/regulation/infobulletins/ib04_8.html</u>

Please note that the failure to complete the informal dispute resolution process will not delay the dates specified for compliance or the imposition of remedies.

Feel free to contact me if you have questions.

Sincerely,

Kumalu Fiske Downing

Kamala Fiske-Downing Minnesota Department of Health Licensing and Certification Program Program Assurance Unit Health Regulation Division Telephone: (651) 201-4112 Fax: (651) 215-9697 Email: <u>kamala.fiske-downing@state.mn.us</u>



Protecting, Maintaining and Improving the Health of All Minnesotans

DIRECTED PLAN OF CORRECTION

A Directed Plan of Correction (DPOC) is imposed in accordance with 42 CFR § 488.424. Your facility must include the following in their POC for the deficient practice cited at F880:

ACTIVELY SCREENING RESIDENTS

- Address how corrective action will be accomplished for those residents found to have been affected by the deficient practice.
- Address how the facility will identify other residents having the potential to be affected by the same deficient practice.

POLICIES/PROCEDURES/SYSTEM CHANGES:

• The facility's Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement Committee must conduct a root cause analysis (RCA) to identify the problem(s) that resulted in this deficiency and develop intervention or corrective action plan to prevent recurrence.

The Infection Preventionist and Director of Nursing shall complete the following:

- Conduct active health screening and surveillance of residents upon admission and twice daily for fever (>100.0oF or subjective) and symptoms of COVID-19 (shortness of breath, new or change in cough, chills, sore throat, muscle aches).
- Develop and implement an infection sign and symptom tracking tool to monitor all residents for communicable, respiratory infection. All nursing leaders will be educated on how to use the tool.
- Group residents, or "cohorting," should be done when possible to separate residents with an infectious disease (positive residents) from residents who are not affected. Plans to cohort should be carefully established in advance and should be centered on implementation of infection control practices.
- Isolate and restrict incoming residents discharged from hospitals, or other facilities, to their room for 14 days.
- Assess newly admitted residents with respiratory symptoms that include cough, fever or shortness of breath for known exposure to a person with COVID-19 in the 14 days prior to illness onset, or recent admission to facilities with COVID-19 cases. Ask discharging facility whether diagnostic testing has been conducted for COVID-19.

TRAINING/EDUCATION:

- Guidance on the use of pulse oximetry is available from MDH: Pulse Oximetry and COVID-19: https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/pulseoximetry.pdf
- Remind residents to practice social distancing and perform frequent hand hygiene.
- Educate and assist the resident to utilize an appropriate mask to reduce droplet spread.

CDC RESOURCES:

Infection Control Guidance: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/infection-control.html</u>

CDC: Isolation Precautions Guideline:

https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/guidelines/isolation/index.html

CDC: Guideline for Isolation Precautions: Preventing Transmission of Infectious Agents in Healthcare Settings (2007): <u>https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/guidelines/isolation/index.html</u>

CDC: Personal Protective Equipment: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ppe/</u>

Healthcare Infection Prevention and Control FAQs for COVID-19:

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/faq.html?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cd c.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Fhcp%2Finfection-control-faq.html

MDH RESOURCES:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for Infection Control:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/ppe/index.html

MDH Contingency Standards of Care for COVID-19: Personal Protective Equipment for Congregate Care Settings (PDF): <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/ep/surge/crisis/ppegrid.pdf</u>

Interim Guidance on Facemasks as a Source Control Measure (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/maskssource.pdf

Interim Guidance on Alternative Facemasks (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/masksalt.pdf

Aerosol-Generating Procedures and Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/aerosol.pdf

Droplet Precautions:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/pre/droplet.html Airborne Precautions:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/pre/droplet.html

MONITORING/AUDITING:

- Chart all clinical measurements and symptoms daily for each resident.
- Use cumulative data to conduct active surveillance. Record daily the number of residents that have been transferred to acute care, even for non-respiratory disease, by using a sheet like that in Appendix E. In some LTC facilities, an increasing number of transferred residents has preceded confirmation of COVID-19 in the facility.
- All residents positive for fever or symptoms should be isolated, placed under transmission-based precautions, and tested for COVID-19. Clinicians are encouraged to test for other causes of respiratory illness in addition to COVID-19.
- Conduct a RCA (root cause analysis) which will be done with assistance from the Infection Preventionist, Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement (QAPI) committee and Governing Body. The RCA should be incorporated into the intervention plan. Information regarding RCAs is available in the Guidance for Performing Root Cause Analysis (RCA) with Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs).

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/QAPI/downloads/Guidancefor RCA.pdf

TRACKING AND TRENDING INFECTION CONTROL PROGRAM

• Address how corrective action will be accomplished for those residents found to have been

affected by the deficient practice.

• Address how the facility will identify other residents having the potential to be affected by the same deficient practice.

POLICIES/PROCEDURES/SYSTEM CHANGES:

• The facility's Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement Committee must conduct a root cause analysis (RCA) to identify the problem(s) that resulted in this deficiency and develop intervention or corrective action plan to prevent recurrence.

The Infection Preventionist and Director of Nursing, shall complete the following:

- Review and revise policies for infection surveillance as needed.
- Develop and implement an infection control program sign and symptom tracking tool to monitor all residents and staff for communicable, respiratory infection, according to the CDC guidelines.
- Ensure that the charge nurse for each shift documents all resident and employee infections on the facility's shared infection tracking log. Compliance and review of the infection control log will be completed by the Infection Preventionist daily. The data will be analyzed for possible trends/outbreaks. The Infection Preventionist will investigate any potential outbreaks and follow up as appropriate.
- Conduct rounds throughout the facility to ensure staff is exercising appropriate use of personal protective equipment and to ensure infection control procedures are followed on each unit. Ad hoc education will be provided to persons who are not correctly utilizing

equipment and/or infection prevention/control practices. Such monitoring will continue until the facility has been infection free for at least four weeks.

• Review infection prevention tracking and trending. Any unexpected increases in infection must be reported to the Medical Director, Public Health Department, and the state survey agency in order to obtain further assistance to control infection.

TRAINING/EDUCATION:

- As a part of corrective action plan, the facility must provide training for the Infection Preventionist, the Director of Nursing, nursing leadership/management, and facility administration. The training must cover standard infection control practices, active surveillance, tracking and trending for a comprehensive infection control program. The facility may use training resources made available by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or a program developed by well-established centers of geriatric health services education, such as schools of medicine or nursing, centers for aging, and area health education centers with established programs in geriatrics.
- Include documentation of the training completed with a timeline for completion.
- The training may be provided by the Director of Nursing, Infection Preventionist, or Medical Director with an attestation statement of completion.
- Tier three or four concerns (harm or IJ) training must be provided by a contracted outside infection prevention consultant.
- Online infection prevention training courses may be utilized. The CDC and MDH websites have several infection control training modules and materials.

CDC RESOURCES:

- Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Healthcare Personnel During the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic. https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/infection-control-recommendations.html
- Infection Control Guidance for Healthcare Professionals about Coronavirus (COVID-19) <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/infection-control.html</u>

CMS RESOURCES:

• CMS & CDC Offer a specialized, online Infection Prevention and Control Training For Nursing Home Staff in the Long-Term Care Setting

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/QAPI/downloads/GuidanceforR CA.pdf

MDH RESOURCES:

- Infection Prevention and Control Guidelines
 <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/guidelines.html</u>
- Infection Control Precautions
 <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/pre/index.html</u>
- National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN)
 <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/nhsn.html</u>
- COVID-19 Toolkit: Information for Long-term Care Facilities (PDF)
 <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/ltctoolkit.pdf</u>
- Responding to and Monitoring COVID-19 Exposures in Health Care Settings (PDF) <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/response.pdf</u>
- COVID-19 Infection Prevention and Control and Cohorting in Long-term Care (PDF)
 <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/ltcipchohort.pdf</u>

MONITORING/AUDITING:

Monitoring of approaches to ensure infections are controlled will include:

- The Infection Preventionist and Director of Nursing, each day and more often as necessary, will review infection prevention tracking and trending logs and data analysis. Any unexpected increases in infection will result in communication with the Medical Director, Public Health Department and the state survey agency in order to obtain further assistance to control infection.
- The Director of Nursing, Infection Preventionist, or designee will review the results of audits and monitoring with the Quality Assurance Program Improvement (QAPI) program.

COHORTING RESIDENTS/TRANSMISSION BASED PRECAUTION "ISOLATION"

- Address how corrective action will be accomplished for those residents found to have been affected by the deficient practice.
- Address how the facility will identify other residents having the potential to be affected by the

same deficient practice.

POLICIES/PROCEDURES/SYSTEM CHANGES:

• The facility's Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement Committee must conduct a root cause analysis (RCA) to identify the problem(s) that resulted in this deficiency and develop intervention or corrective action plan to prevent recurrence.

The Infection Preventionist and Director of Nursing shall complete the following:

- Grouping of residents, or "cohorting," should be done when possible to separate residents with an infectious disease (positive residents) from residents who are not affected. Plans to cohort should be carefully established in advance and should be centered on implementation of infection control practices.
- Dedicate a unit or part of a unit as the care location for residents with disease, including those with or without current symptoms of illness. Anticipate ways to close off units to prevent spread of illness from ill residents to non-ill residents (e.g., for symptomatic COVID-19, recovered COVID-19 residents, non-COVID-19 suspected residents).
- Confine symptomatic residents and exposed roommates to their rooms. If they must leave their room, ensure the resident is wearing a mask.
- Provide dedicated equipment for areas, as able.

When a resident is placed on transmission-based precautions, the staff should implement the following:

- Clearly identify the type of precautions and the appropriate PPE to be used.
- Place signage in a conspicuous place outside the resident's room (e.g., the door or on the wall next to the door) identifying the CDC category of transmission-based precautions (e.g., contact, droplet, or airborne), instructions for use of PPE, and/or instructions to see the nurse before entering. Ensure that signage also complies with residents' rights to confidentiality and privacy.
- Make PPE readily available near the entrance to the resident's room.
- Don appropriate PPE upon entry into the environment (e.g., room or cubicle) of resident on transmission-based precautions (e.g., contact precautions).
- Use disposable or dedicated noncritical resident-care equipment (e.g., blood pressure cuff, bedside commode). If noncritical equipment is shared between residents, it will be cleaned and disinfected following manufacturer's instructions with an EPA-registered disinfectant after use.
- Clean and disinfect objects and environmental surfaces that are touched frequently (e.g., bed rails, over-bed table, bedside commode, lavatory surfaces in resident bathrooms).

TRAINING/EDUCATION:

- Provide education to residents (to the degree possible/consistent with the resident's capacity) and their representatives or visitors on the use of transmission-based precautions.
- Refer to CDC Guideline for Isolation Precautions: Preventing Transmission of Infectious Agents in Healthcare Settings. <u>https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/guidelines/isolation/index.html</u>
- Refer to MDH COVID-19 Infection Prevention and Control and Cohorting in Long-term Care. <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/ltcipchohort.pdf</u>
- MDH: Interim Guidance for Hospital Discharge to Home or Admission to Congregate Living

CDC RESOURCES:

Infection Control Guidance: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/infection-control.html</u> CDC: Isolation Precautions Guideline:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/hospdischarge.pdf

https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/guidelines/isolation/index.html

Settings and Discontinuing Transmission-Based Precautions.

CDC: Guideline for Isolation Precautions: Preventing Transmission of Infectious Agents in Healthcare Settings (2007): https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/guidelines/isolation/index.html

CDC: Personal Protective Equipment: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ppe/</u>

Healthcare Infection Prevention and Control FAQs for COVID-19:

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/faq.html?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cd c.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Fhcp%2Finfection-control-faq.html

MDH RESOURCES:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for Infection Control:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/ppe/index.html

MDH Contingency Standards of Care for COVID-19: Personal Protective Equipment for Congregate Care Settings (PDF): <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/communities/ep/surge/crisis/ppegrid.pdf</u>

Interim Guidance on Facemasks as a Source Control Measure (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/maskssource.pdf

Interim Guidance on Alternative Facemasks (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/masksalt.pdf

Aerosol-Generating Procedures and Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 (PDF):

https://www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/coronavirus/hcp/aerosol.pdf

Droplet Precautions:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/pre/droplet.html Airborne Precautions:

https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/patientsafety/infectioncontrol/pre/droplet.html

MONITORING/AUDITING:

• The Director of Nursing, the Infection Preventionist and other facility leadership will verify the placement of each new admission and location and audit for transmission based precautions are being appropriately implemented.

• Conduct a Root Cause Analysis (RCA) which will be done with assistance from the Infection Preventionist, Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement (QAPI) committee and Governing Body. The RCA should be incorporated into the intervention plan. Information regarding RCAs can be found in the document: Guidance for Performing Root Cause Analysis (RCA) with Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs)

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/QAPI/downloads/GuidanceforR CA.pdf

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In accordance with 42 CFR § 488.402(f), the DPOC remedy is effective 15 calendar days from the date of the enforcement letter. The DPOC may be completed before or after that date. A revisit will not be approved prior to receipt of documentation confirming the DPOC was completed. To successfully complete the DPOC, the facility must provide all of the following documentation identified in the chart below.

Documentation must be uploaded as attachments through ePOC to ensure you have completed this remedy.

Imposition of this DPOC does not replace the requirement that the facility must submit a complete POC for all cited deficiencies (including F880) within 10 days after receipt of the Form CMS 2567.

Item	Checklist: Documents Required for Successful Completion of the Directed Plan
1	Documentation of the RCA and intervention or corrective action plan based on the results with signatures of the QAPI Committee members.
2	Documentation that the interventions or corrective action plan that resulted from the RCA was fully implemented
3	Content of the training provided to staff, including a syllabus, outline, or agenda, as well as any other materials used or provided to staff for the training
4	Names and positions of all staff that attended and took the trainings
5	Staff training sign-in sheets
6	Summary of staff training post-test results, to include facility actions in response to any failed post-tests
7	Documentation of efforts to monitor and track progress of the interventions or corrective action plan

In order to speed up our review, identify all submitted documents with the number in the "Item" column.