### Welcome & Intros

- Welcome and Introductions
- Operating Principles
- Goals for today (see detailed agenda)





#### **Timeline Overview**







#### **DRAFT - Recommendations to Legislature**

- Until evidence becomes more clear, continue payment parity for audio-only
- Continue studying telehealth to inform long-term policymaking





### Audio-only Telehealth is Filling Narrow But Important Access Challenges

- Mode only reimbursable since 2020 (limited data)
- Current data shows audio-only is essential to telehealth access for some Minnesotans in Greater MN, people of color and older adults.
  Often ties to digital inequity.
- Potential challenges: potential for fraud, over-reliance
- More data, research needed to evaluate impact on quality and outcomes





#### Patients, Health Care Providers Appreciate Telehealth's Benefits

- Interview data shows Minnesotans have appreciated expansion of telehealth that occurred during the pandemic.
- Patients appreciate the convenience and are overall satisfied with telehealth.
- Providers believe telehealth has allowed them to be innovative, particularly on care delivery and increased access.





- Telehealth's Benefits for Mental Health Care and Substance Use Disorder Care are Especially Strong
  - While overall telehealth usage has subsided somewhat from peak of pandemic, use for mental health and substance use disorder care remains very strong.
  - Providers noted increased access in specialized services for people in Greater MN and those with transportation and other barriers to in-person visits.
  - Helps address provider shortages in some areas.





- Placing Relative Value on Telehealth I Will Take Added Research and Consideration
  - Patients, providers, and payers differ on perspectives of costs as compared with in-person visits.
  - Patients perceive that telehealth visits should require lower copay or lower costs than in-person care.
  - Providers consistently favor payment parity.
  - Payers express hesitance on any government or statutory mandates on payment parity.





## **Telehealth Policy Context**

- Telehealth services and many regulations are not new, but they changed rapidly during the pandemic.
  - Expanded telehealth services are showing positive results beyond the pandemic
  - Many regulations enabling them remain temporary emergency measures.





## **Telehealth Impact**

- Telehealth impacts access, quality, satisfaction, and equity in health care.
  - Nearly 1 in 3 Minnesotans have used telehealth since the onset of the pandemic.
  - Minnesotans are relying on telehealth for more than primary care.
  - Telehealth reduced barriers to care and increased patient engagement.
  - Quality data is emerging, but more expected in 2023.





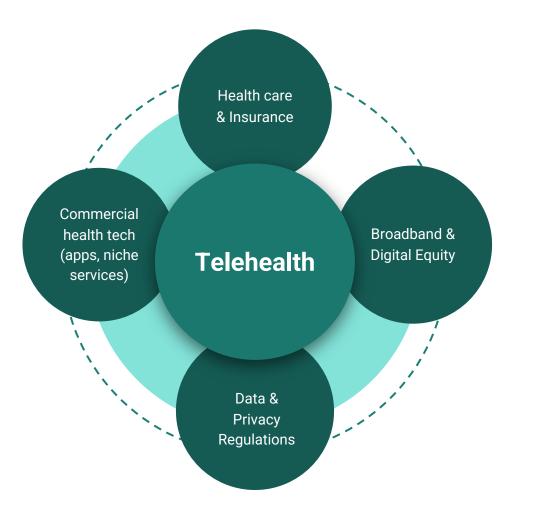
## **Quality & Outcomes**

- Quality and Outcomes: Early results show promise, especially for some conditions.
  - Services showing strong promise: mental health, substance use disorders, pediatric patients and providers, chronic condition management (e.g. hypertension, diabetes, asthma).
- Improved access supports improved outcomes.
- Telehealth is not equally suited for all conditions or health care needs.





### **Telehealth Sits at Nexus of Rapidly Changing Systems**







## **Looking Ahead: Context Continues to Shift**

- Consumer and provider preferences for in-person vs. online services remain in flux.
- Ongoing health care workforce shortages raise ethical and capacity questions in how much telehealth might supplant, vs supplement, in-person care delivery.
- Long-term impact on patients' health outcomes remains unknown.





# Looking Ahead: Risks

- Must ensure telehealth does not exacerbate or introduce new disparities.
- Telehealth has potential to improve equitable health care access, outcomes. But digital divide risks making access disparities worse.
  - Telehealth can improve access to: specialists, racially and culturally diverse medical professionals, provider choice, care for people with transportation barriers or those juggling multiple variables.



#### **Future Research Questions**

- Will patients' satisfaction with telehealth continue past the pandemic?
- How much did the pandemic herald a generational shift in preferences for online vs. in-person services?
- Will providers remain willing to deliver telehealth services?
- Will telehealth affect access to inpatient care and will that have equity implications?
- What does emerging research continue to tell us about impact on health care access, quality, outcomes, and equity?





#### 2023 Work Plan

15

#### • Multiple lines of investigation :

- Literature Review
- Quantitative & Actuarial
- Technical Advisory Group (TAG) Discussions
- Community Engagement and Stakeholder Interviews
- MDH Listening Sessions
- Continued consultation with Department of Commerce and DHS



#### Discussion

- What stands out as most surprising to you?
- How does your experience compare with these findings?
- What research questions do you hope the TAG will explore in our meetings as we build on this research in 2023?



