

## Post-test Questions

1. Is the following statement true or false?  
Asymptomatic bacteriuria is defined as bacteria in the urine without symptoms of UTI.  
True            False
  
2. Which of the following are risk factors for the development of asymptomatic bacteriuria in long-term care residents?
  - a. Increased age
  - b. Increased number of diagnoses
  - c. Decreased ability to perform activities of daily living
  - d. Indwelling urinary catheter
  - e. All of the above
  
3. Recognizing changes in resident condition is an essential component of care for a resident with a possible urinary tract infection. Which of the following symptoms or conditions is not important to recognize in a resident who may have a UTI?
  - a. Pain with urination or urinary urgency/frequency
  - b. New onset or worsening of:
    - Sudden, severe confusion
    - Shaking chills
    - Urinary incontinence
  - c. Tenderness in the lower abdominal and flank areas
  - d. Blood in the urine
  - e. None of the above (all symptoms and conditions listed are important to recognize)



## Post-test Answers

1. Is the following statement true or false? **Answer: True**  
Asymptomatic bacteriuria is bacteria without symptoms of UTI.  
**True**                      **False**
  
2. Which of the following are risk factors for the development of asymptomatic bacteriuria in long-term care residents? **Answer: e**
  - a. Increased age
  - b. Increased number of diagnoses
  - c. Decreased ability to perform activities of daily living
  - d. Indwelling urinary catheter
  - e. All of the above**
  
3. Recognizing changes in resident condition is an essential component of care for a resident with a possible urinary tract infection. Which of the following symptoms or conditions is not important to recognize in a resident who may have a UTI? **Answer: e**
  - a. Pain with urination or urinary urgency/frequency
  - b. New onset or worsening of:
    - Sudden, severe confusion
    - Shaking chills
    - Urinary incontinence
  - c. Tenderness in the lower abdominal and flank areas
  - d. Blood in the urine
  - e. None of the above** (all symptoms and conditions listed are important to recognize)