

## Adult Day Center Participant Tuberculosis (TB) Risk Assessment

- Use this tool to identify asymptomatic **adults** (persons 18 years and older) who require testing for latent TB infection (LTBI).
- Test for LTBI using a Mantoux tuberculin skin test (TST) or an Interferon-Gamma Release Assay blood test (IGRA) (e.g., QuantiFERON®-TB Gold or T-SPOT®), unless an appropriately documented,<sup>1,2</sup> negative test dated within the past 90 days or appropriately documented positive test result is available.
- IGRAs are preferred for people who have received the bacille Calmette-Guerin (BCG)<sup>3</sup> vaccine.
- Repeat testing should only be done in persons who previously tested negative, and have new risk factors since their last assessment.
- A negative TST or IGRA does not rule out active TB disease.**
- For persons with TB symptoms,<sup>4</sup> abnormal chest x-ray consistent with TB disease, or a positive TST or IGRA: **Evaluate for active TB disease** by obtaining a chest x-ray, symptom screen, performing a physical exam and if indicated,<sup>5</sup> sputum testing (i.e., AFB smears, cultures and nucleic acid amplification).

### Risk Assessment

Check the appropriate risk factor boxes below. LTBI testing is recommended for persons with any of the following risk factors.

Risk Factor	Yes	No
<b>Close contact to someone with infectious TB disease</b>		
<b>Birth, travel, or residence in a country with a high TB rate</b> (e.g., any country other than the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or a country in western or northern Europe)		
<b>Immunosuppression, current or planned</b> – includes but is not limited to HIV infection, organ transplant recipient, treated with TNF-alpha antagonist (e.g., infliximab, etanercept), steroid use equivalent to prednisone $\geq 15$ mg/day for $\geq 1$ month, other immunosuppressive medication use, poorly controlled diabetes mellitus, end stage renal disease		
<b>Resident or employee of a high-risk congregate setting</b> (e.g., correctional facility, health care facility, homeless shelter)		

<sup>1</sup> TST documentation must include the date of the test (i.e., month, day, year), the number of millimeters of induration (if no induration, document “0” mm) and interpretation (i.e., positive or negative).

<sup>2</sup> IGRA documentation should include the date of the test (i.e., month, day, year), the qualitative results (i.e., positive, negative, indeterminate or borderline) and the quantitative assay (i.e., Nil, TB and Mitogen concentrations or spot counts).

<sup>3</sup> BCG vaccination is not a contraindication for TST or IGRA testing; disregard BCG history when interpreting test results.

<sup>4</sup> Cough that lasts 3 weeks or longer, chest pain, coughing up blood, weakness or fatigue, weight loss, no appetite, chills, fever, or sweating at night.

<sup>5</sup> Sputum testing is indicated for all patients with chest x-ray findings compatible with TB regardless of TST or IGRA results or certain TB symptoms. Please consult with a TB expert.

Patient Name: _____	Patient Date of Birth ____/____/____
I have reviewed the above information, based on this information, the patient requires the following:	
IGRA <input type="checkbox"/>	TST <input type="checkbox"/>
No further testing indicated <input type="checkbox"/>	Date _____
Clinician Name: _____	Signature: _____
Clinic Name: _____	Clinic Phone: _____

## TB Blood Test

(i.e., Interferon-Gamma Release Assay blood test [IGRA])

Name of TB blood test	<input type="checkbox"/> QuantiFERON®-TB <input type="checkbox"/> T-SPOT®
Date of blood draw	
<b>Results</b>	
Interpretation of reading	<input type="checkbox"/> Positive* <input type="checkbox"/> Negative <input type="checkbox"/> Indeterminate <input type="checkbox"/> Borderline (T-SPOT® only)
Quantitative Result	

**\*For persons with a positive IGRA:** Evaluate for active TB disease by obtaining a chest x-ray, symptom screen, performing a physical exam and if indicated sputum testing.

## Tuberculin skin testing (TST)

	TST – First Step	TST – Second Step
<b>Administration</b>		
Name of person administering test		
Date and time administered		
Location	<input type="checkbox"/> L forearm <input type="checkbox"/> R forearm <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____	<input type="checkbox"/> L forearm <input type="checkbox"/> R forearm <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
Tuberculin manufacturer		
Tuberculin expiration date and lot #		
Signature of person administering test		
<b>Results (read between 48-72 hours)</b>		
Date and time of read:		
Number of mm of induration: ( <b>across</b> forearm)	____mm	____mm
Interpretation of reading*	<input type="checkbox"/> Positive ** <input type="checkbox"/> Negative ***	<input type="checkbox"/> Positive ** <input type="checkbox"/> Negative
Reader's signature		

\*Consult grid on [MDH website \(www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/tb/candidates.pdf\)](http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/tb/candidates.pdf)

\*\***For persons with a positive TST:** Evaluate for active TB disease by obtaining a chest x-ray, symptom screen, performing a physical exam and if indicated sputum testing.

\*\*\*If results are negative, perform the second step one to three weeks after First Step

Adapted by the Minnesota Department of Health TB Prevention and Control Program from materials produced by the Global TB Institute and the Francis J. Curry National TB Center

Minnesota Department of Health

[www.health.state.mn.us/tb](http://www.health.state.mn.us/tb)

12/18/2017

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