

Rubric for Assessment and Counseling Skills

MAY 2023

Name of Staff:	Name of Reviewer:	_Date:
Local WIC agencies may use this tool to provi	de concise feedback to WIC CPA staff regarding nu	trition assessment to promote continued
Participant Centered Service (PCS) skill development	opment. In each section, there is a list of desired sk	cills to observe, with the skill levels building from
beginning to advanced. This tool can be used	along with the observation form during annual CP	A monitoring or anytime throughout the year to
assess PCS skill levels among CPAs.		

Setting the Stage/Family Information

Sets the stage in a PCS manner at the beginning of the appointment to help participants better understand the purpose of the components of the WIC appointment.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
 Desired skills: Greets participant/introduces self Sets agenda Explains the purpose 	☐ Greets participant ☐ Introduces self	 Introduces self Greets participant by name Introduces self and role Reviews previous alerts/notes after starting the appt 	 Greets participant and introduces self in a friendly, welcoming manner with a smile Sets the agenda (indicates what will happen at appointment, provides anticipated length of the appointment) Reviews previous documentation before starting the appointment 	☐ Greets participant in a welcoming manner, using respectful, inclusive language ☐ Sets the agenda in the spirit of PCS (invite questions and feedback, explain appointment process and purpose, including why we review documentation)

Nutrition/Breastfeeding Assessment

Utilizes critical thinking skills to gather, analyze, evaluate, and prioritize the assessment to identify participant concerns.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
Desired skills: Appropriate mix of open/closed ended questions Conversational and personalized assessment Probing questions Reflections Focuses on participant rather than computer	Beginning use of assessment skills Uses a few open-ended questions Collects data by directly reading questions from Nutrition Assessment tab or ABCDE sheet Focuses on the computer and process rather than the participant Completes minimal assessment	Occasional use of assessment skills Uses some open-ended questions with opportunities to use more Begins to tailor assessment with a few probing questions Begins using some simple reflections Focus is split between the participant and computer Completes basic assessment	■ Frequent use of assessment skills ■ Uses appropriate mix of open- and close-ended questions ■ Assessment follows ABCDE and flows smoothly ■ Actively listens to participant with appropriate probing questions and reflections ■ Uses probing questions to clarify potential risks and get complete information ■ Focuses primarily on the participant and actively engages with the participant ■ Completes full assessment	Assessment skills are fully integrated into the appointment. The CPA skillfully collects, clarifies, and synthesizes relevant information. Asks open-ended questions frequently Tailors the assessment through wording and order of questions. The assessment flows seamlessly and is conversational, using ABCDE as a guide. Focus is fully on the participant Completes comprehensive and individualized assessment

Nutrition/Breastfeeding Discussion

Offers appropriate, relevant, and accurate counseling and education.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
Desired skills Completes nutrition assessment prior to providing education Education and education materials tailored to participant's needs and interests Participant-centered discussion Explore-offer-explore Affirmations Asking permission Anticipatory guidance	 □ Provides education early, before adequate assessment of the situation is complete □ Offers education in a didactic manner (as an authority telling the participant what they should do) □ Offers information based on assessment and risk factors □ Selects topics for education and education materials 	 Provides some education before assessment is complete Begins to offer education in a collaborative way Offers information based on assessment and risk factors, while considering participant's interest and readiness for change Offers general anticipatory guidance based on ages/stages 	Offers education in a collaborative way after assessment is complete, considering interests and cultural practices Offers general anticipatory guidance based on assessment and participant's situation/development Offers written materials that supplement verbal education and are personalized to the individual needs Asks permission before sharing information about a topic initiated by the CPA	□ Tailors discussion and education around participant's needs and interests in the spirit of PCS (using OARS: open-ended questions, affirmations, reflective listening, summary reflections) □ Uses explore-offer-explore □ Education builds on cultural or social norms and recognizes strengths

Support Health Outcomes

Guides the participant toward improved health outcomes through incremental behavior change by breaking goals into small, achievable action steps.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
Desired skills Goal setting Desired behavioral change or outcome Recognizing stages of change	No goals were identified Sets the goal for the participant or tells them what they should change	determined by CPA based on assessment	□ Summarizes the discussion □ Asks participant about next steps and helps guide goal setting. CPA may offer ideas, but the final decision is left up to the participant □ Works with participant to achieve small progressive action steps towards positive health outcomes. □ Tailors language around guiding goal setting; uses words other than 'goal' as appropriate □ Recognizes and adjusts their approach based on the stages of change □ Sets up topics for next appointment for follow-up	 Effectively transitions from education to summarizing the discussion to goal setting. Uses the summary and asks appropriate open-ended questions to get at desired behavior change. Recognizes participant's stage of change and incorporates into discussion.

Overall Use of PCS Skills

Integrates PCS skills into all aspects of the appointment to ensure the focus on topics and issues are relevant to the participant, putting the participant's needs at the core of WIC services and focusing on the participant's specific capacities, strengths, and developmental needs. When appropriate, engage other persons present. The <u>WIC Nutrition Assessment</u> and <u>WIC PCS Skills and Resources</u> webpages provide materials to further enhance understanding of the PCS skills.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
OARS (open-ended questions, affirmations, reflective listening, summary reflections) Pulling PCS skills together and using skills to provide personcentered experience Balancing appointment requirements with the participant's conversational style	 Uses limited to no OARS skills Open-ended questions Affirmations Reflective Listening Summary Reflections Talks a majority of the time without giving participant time to reflect and respond 	 Uses some OARS skills Open-Ended Questions Affirmations Reflective Listening Summary Reflections Allows the participant time to respond 	 Uses OARS skills frequently Open-ended questions Affirmations Reflective Listening Summary Reflections Allows pauses/time for participant to reflect and respond Uses reflective listening to confirm understanding 	 Uses OARS skills consistently throughout appointment Open-ended questions Affirmations Reflective Listening Summary Reflections Uses OARS skills in conversational manner to personalize the contact Comfortable with silence, allowing participant time to think

Culture and Interpreter Use

Considers cultural practices, attitudes, and beliefs of the participant and appropriately incorporates them into the appointment. For more information about cultural awareness, you may view the Introduction to Cultural Competency and Humility module available through the <u>Wisconsin Center for Public Health Education and Training</u>.

Manages the conversation well when using an interpreter; phrases things in an easy to interpret way, introduces self to the interpreter, orients interpreter ahead of time and lets them know what the expectation is, and prevents the interpreter from telling the participant what to do or sharing personal advice. The <u>Working with Interpreters</u> webpage contains training materials and helpful tips.

Action	Beginning	Developing	Effective	Advanced
Desired skills	Offers interpreter, explains that the	Asks permission to use interpreter	Frequent use of interpreter skills	Fully uses interpreter skillsFully engages participant by
 Considers cultural practices of participant and how they may 	interpreter is confidential and offered	Occasional use of interpreter skills	☐ Talks directly to the participant rather than	speaking directly to them rather than addressing
affect dietary decisionsInterpreter is usedappropriately	at no cost Uses trained interpreter (i.e., did not use	 Begins speaking directly to the participant and using first person 	the interpreter, when in- person makes eye contact with participant	interpreter ☐ Exhibits interpreter skills from effective column (uses
 CPA uses interpreter skills to effectively communicate 	inappropriate family member (e.g., child) or	pronouns (i.e. "what do you…")	if culturally appropriate Mostly exhibits cultural	skilled interpreter, talks directly to the participant)
through the interpreter: Uses plain language, avoids jargon,	no interpreter when needed)	 Begins to exhibit cultural competence (ability of an 	competence (ability of an individual to	Fully exhibits cultural competence (ability of an
speaks in brief segments/phrases, pauses after each thought to allow	Beginning use of interpreter skillsDirected conversation to	individual to understand and respect values, attitudes, beliefs, and	understand and respect values, attitudes, beliefs, and customs that differ	individual to understand and respect values, attitudes, beliefs, and customs that
time for interpreter to translate, speaks at an even	the interpreter, using third person pronouns	customs that differ across cultures)	across cultures) Aware of cultural	differ across cultures) Participant is engaged and
pace and tone in relatively short segments	(i.e. "ask her if") ☐ Allows interpreter to	Responds to cultural differences, avoiding	differences while still recognizing that	responsive
	respond for participant Recognizes cultural differences	stere o typing/generalizing	participants are individuals	

Reference – Complete Listing of Hyperlinks

WIC Nutrition Assessment (https://www.health.state.mn.us/people/wic/localagency/training/na.html)

WIC PCS Skills and Resources (https://www.health.state.mn.us/people/wic/localagency/training/pcs/skills/index.html)

Wisconsin Center for Public Health Education and Training (https://wicphet.org/content/cultural-awareness-series)

Working with Interpreters (https://www.health.state.mn.us/people/wic/localagency/interpreters.html#NaN)

Minnesota Department of Health - WIC Program 625 Robert St N, PO BOX 64975, ST PAUL MN 55164-0975; 1-800-657-3942, health.wic@state.mn.us, www.health.state.mn.us. To obtain this information in a different format, call: 1-800-657-3942.

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