Heart Health Know your numbers



High blood pressure (also referred to as HBP or hypertension) occurs when the force of blood flowing through your blood vessels is higher than it should be for a long period of time.

What to know

By making your arteries and heart work harder than they are able to, high blood pressure can lead to a heart disease, stroke, or kidney disease.

Your blood pressure is recorded as two numbers:

- First number: Systolic blood pressure is the pressure your blood is exerting against your artery walls when the heart beats.
- Second number: Diastolic blood pressure indicates how much pressure your blood is exerting against your artery walls while the heart is resting between beats.



The only way to know if you have high blood pressure is to have it checked regularly.

BLOOD	SYSTOLIC	DIASTOLIC
PRESSURE	(upper	(lower
CATEGORY	number)	number)
NORMAL	Less than	Less than
	120	80
ELEVATED	120-139	80-89
HIGH BLOOD	140 or	90 or
PRESSURE	higher	higher
CRISIS	Higher	Higher
Consult a	than 180	than 120
doctor		

What to do

- Work with your doctor to set a goal.
- Eat healthy foods that are low in salt and saturated fats.
- Increase regular physical activity.
- Don't smoke, vape, or use other commercial tobacco products.
- Take medication as prescribed.
- Reduce your intake of alcohol.

For more information

Visit Health Fair 11 at the fair
American Heart Association
http://www.heart.org



At the Minnesota Department of Health, we work for all people and communities to have what they need to be healthy.

Visit us at www.health.state.mn.us

To obtain this information in a different format, call 651-201-5414. Printed on recycled paper. 8/19